

Only use a calculator if the problem states that you can.

DAY 2

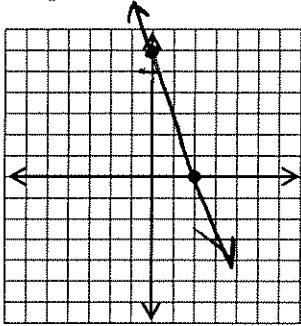
Find the x and y intercepts of each line, then graph. Be sure to write the intercepts as coordinates.

36. $3x + y = 6$

x-int $(2, 0)$

y-int $(0, 6)$

$x=0$

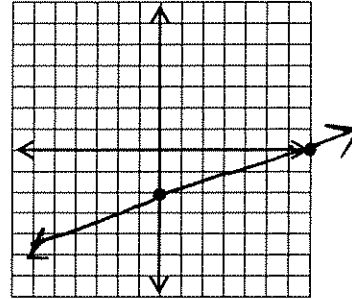


37. $2x - 7y = 14$

x-int $(7, 0)$

y-int $(0, -2)$

$x=0$



Find the slope between the points:

38. $(3, -4)$ and $(-1, 7)$

$$\frac{7 - (-4)}{-1 - 3} = \frac{11}{-4} = \left(-\frac{11}{4} \right)$$

39. $(-9, 3)$ and $(-9, 7)$

$$\frac{7 - 3}{-9 - (-9)} = \frac{4}{0} = \text{undefined}$$

40. $(-3, 7)$ and $(6, 7)$

$$\frac{7 - 7}{6 - (-3)} = \frac{0}{9} = \left(0 \right)$$

Write an equation of a line using the given information. Leave your answer in slope-intercept form.

41. slope = -4 contains the point $(3, -6)$

$$y + 6 = -4(x - 3)$$

$$y + 6 = -4x + 12$$

$$\boxed{y = -4x + 6}$$

42. contains the points $(1, 7)$ and $(2, -3)$

$$m = \frac{-3 - 7}{2 - 1} = \frac{-10}{1} = -10$$

$$y + 3 = -10(x - 2)$$

$$y + 3 = -10x + 20$$

$$\boxed{y = -10x + 17}$$

43. contains the point $(2, -4)$ and is parallel to the line $y = 3x + 5$

old $m = 3$

new $m = 3$

$$y + 4 = 3(x - 2)$$

$$y + 4 = 3x - 6$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x - 10}$$

44. contains the point $(-3, -1)$ and is perpendicular to the line $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 4$

old $m = \frac{1}{2}$

new $m = -2$

$$y + 1 = -2(x + 3)$$

$$y + 1 = -2x - 6$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x - 7}$$

45. contains the point $(3, -5)$ and is parallel to the line $2x - 3y = 6$

$$2x - 3y = 6$$

$$-3y = -2x + 6$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$$

old $m = \frac{2}{3}$

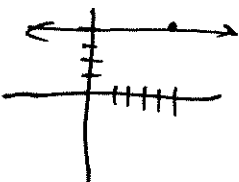
new $m = \frac{2}{3}$

$$y + 5 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 3)$$

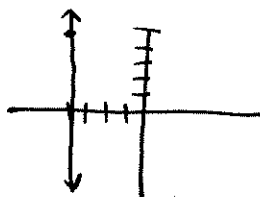
$$y + 5 = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{2}{3}x - 7}$$

46. Horizontal line that contains the point $(5, 4)$



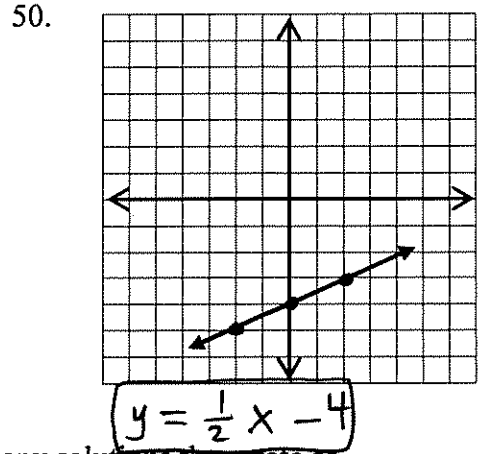
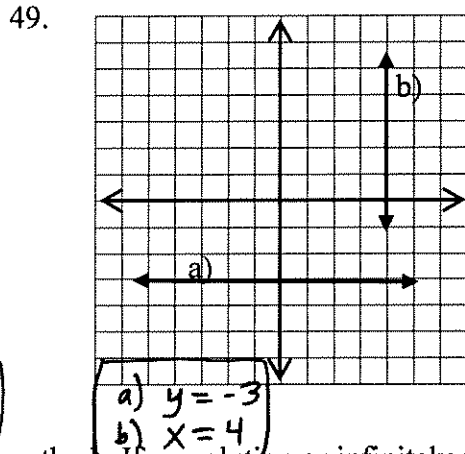
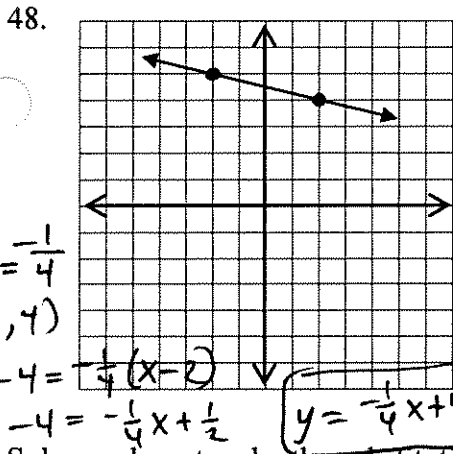
$$\boxed{y = 4}$$



$$\boxed{x = -4}$$

47. Vertical line that contains the point $(-4, 5)$

Find the equation of each line graphed.



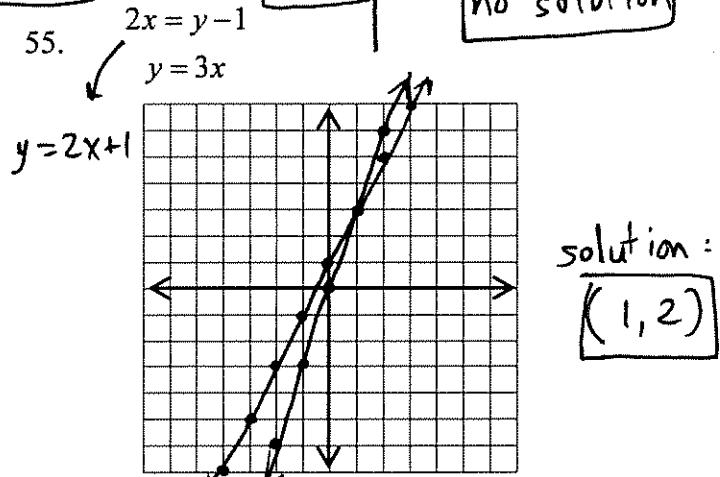
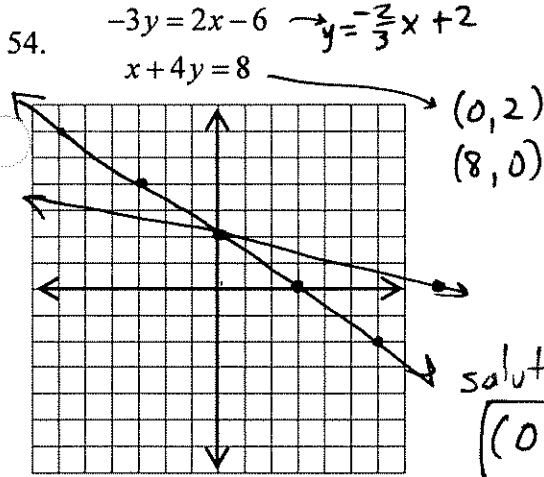
Solve each system by the substitution method. If no solution or infinitely many solutions then state so.

51. $2x + 2y = 4$
 $x = 10 - 3y$
 $2(10 - 3y) + 2y = 4$
 $20 - 6y + 2y = 4$
 $20 - 4y = 4$
 $-4y = -16$
 $y = 4$
 $x = 10 - 12 = -2$
 Solution: $(-2, 4)$

52. $y + 3x = 1$
 $2y + 5x = 5$
 $y = -3x + 1$
 $2(-3x + 1) + 5x = 5$
 $-6x + 2 + 5x = 5$
 $-x + 2 = 5$
 $-x = 3$
 $x = -3$
 $y = 9 + 1 = 10$
 Solution: $(-3, 10)$

53. $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$
 $2y - 8 = 3x$
 $2(\frac{3}{2}x - 4) - 8 = 3x$
 $3x - 8 - 8 = 3x$
 $-16 = 0$
 no solution

Solve each system by graphing.



Solve each system by the elimination method. If no solution or infinitely many solutions then state so.

56. $3x + 3y = 6$
 $3(2x - y) = 3$
 $6x - 3y = 3$
 $9x = 9$
 $x = 1$
 $2 - y = 1$
 $-y = -1$
 $y = 1$

57. $3(3x - 5y) = -13$
 $5(4x + 3y) = 2$
 $9x - 15y = -13$
 $20x + 15y = 10$
 $29x = -29$
 $x = -1$
 $-3 - 5y = -13$
 $-5y = -10$
 $y = 2$

58. $-4x + 2y = 12$
 $-2(-2x + y) = -12$
 $4x - 2y = -12$
 $0 = 0$
 infinitely many solutions

You may use a calculator on #59-60

59. How many ounces of a 20% salt solution should be mixed with a 11% salt solution to produce 45 ounces of a 14% salt solution?

$x + y = 45$
 $.2x + .11y = .14(45)$
 $.2x - .2y = -9$
 $.2x + .11y = 6.3$
 $-.09y = -2.7$
 $y = 30$
 $x = 15$

$x =$ ounces of 20% salt solution
 $y =$ ounces of 11% salt solution

Mix 15 oz. of 20% salt solution with 30 oz. of 11% salt solution

60. Suppose Paintball Jungle charges \$30 plus an additional \$6 per gun they rent out. Paintwar charges \$50 plus an additional \$4 per gun they rent out. Find the number of guns you must rent out for the two paintball rentals to cost the same.

PJ: $C = 30 + 6x$

PW: $C = 50 + 4x$

$30 + 6x = 50 + 4x$

$30 + 2x = 50$

$2x = 20$

$x = \# \text{ guns}$
 $C = \text{cost in } \$$

$C = 30 + 60$

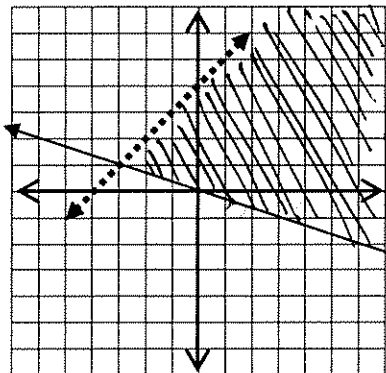
$C = \$90$

$x = 10$

The cost will be \$90 for both when you rent 10 guns

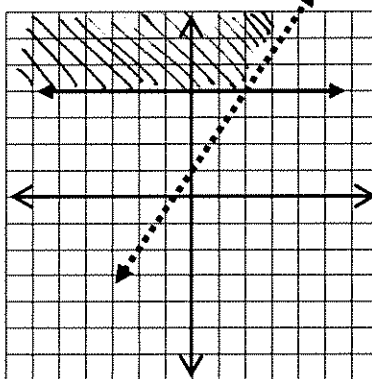
Write the inequality or system of inequalities represented in the graph.

61.



$y < x + 4$
 $y \geq -\frac{1}{3}x$

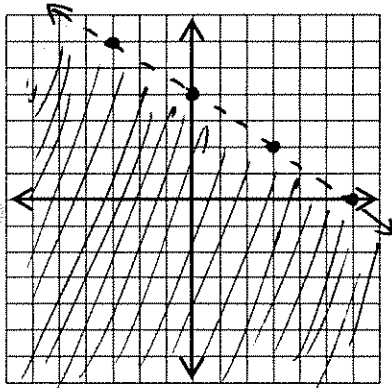
62.



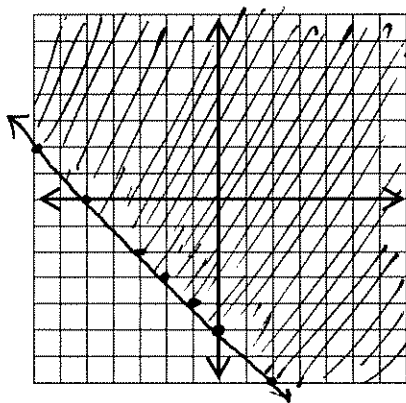
$y \geq 4$
 $y > \frac{3}{2}x + 1$

Graph each linear inequality.

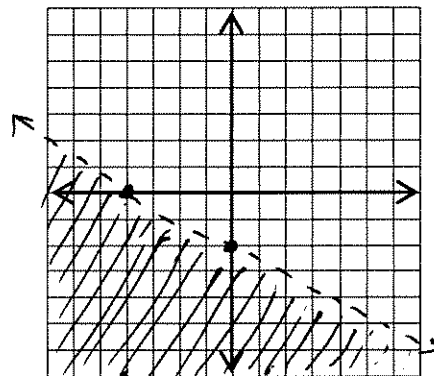
63. $y < -\frac{2}{3}x + 4$



64. $y \geq -x - 5$



65. $-2x - 4y > 8$



x	y
0	-2
-4	0

$-4y > 2x + 8$

$y < -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$