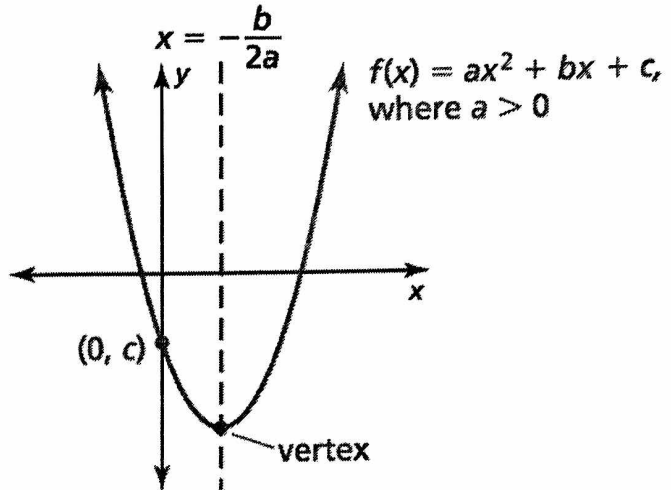


# AA PREP—GRAPHING QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS IN STANDARD FORM—LECTURE

## Graphing $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$

- The graph opens up when  $a > 0$ , and the graph opens down when  $a < 0$ .
- The y-intercept is  $c$ .
- The x-coordinate of the vertex is  $-\frac{b}{2a}$ .
- The axis of symmetry is  $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$ .



**X-Intercepts:** Plug in  $y = 0$  and solve for  $x$ -values.

**Y-Intercept:** Plug in  $x = 0$  and solve for  $y$ -value.

**EX 1:** For each quadratic function, identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, x-intercepts, and y-intercept. Graph!

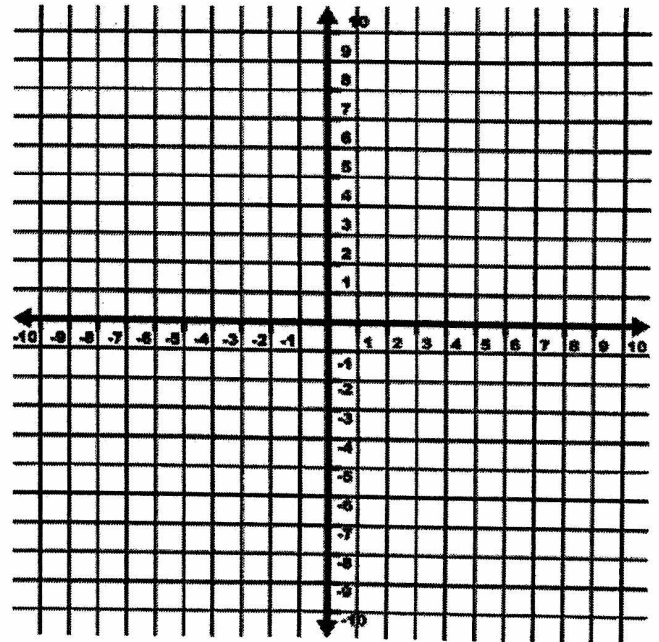
a)  $y = x^2 + 2x - 8$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

X-Intercepts: \_\_\_\_\_

Y-Intercept: \_\_\_\_\_



**EX 1 (continued):** For each quadratic function, identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, x-intercepts, and y-intercept. Graph!

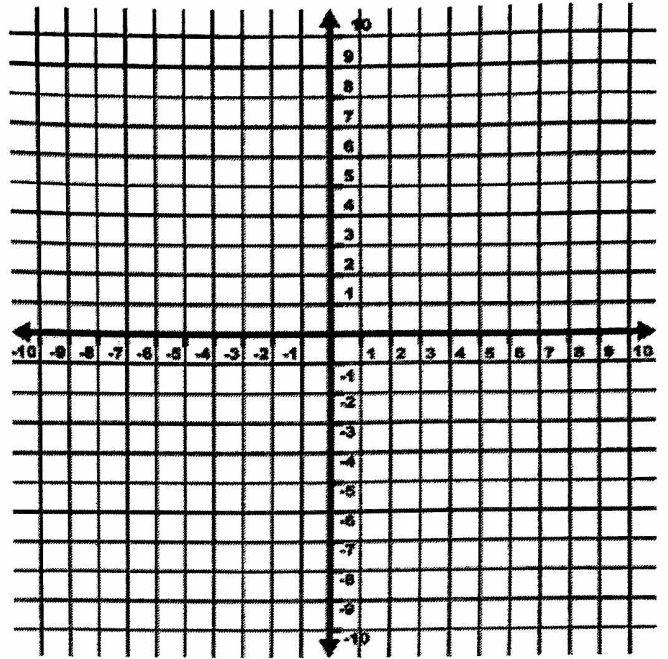
b)  $y = -x^2 + 9$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

X-Intercepts: \_\_\_\_\_

Y-Intercept: \_\_\_\_\_



c)  $y = x^2 - 5x$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

X-Intercepts: \_\_\_\_\_

Y-Intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

