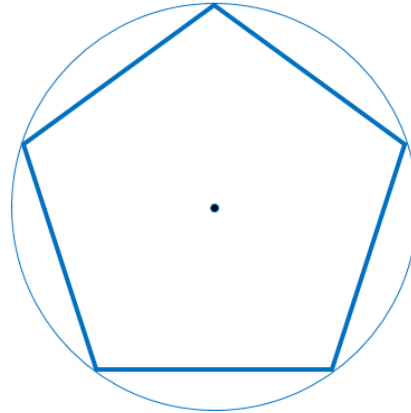


Core Concept

A **regular polygon** is _____ and _____

Regular Polygons, vocabulary and formulas:

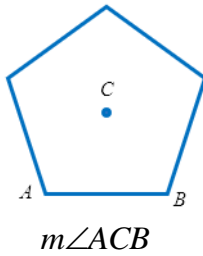
- Center
- Central Angle
- Radius
- Apothem
- Area Formula



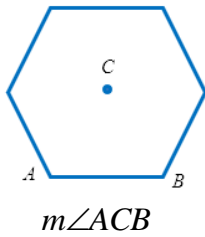
Number of Sides	Name
3	Triangle
4	Quadrilateral
5	Pentagon
6	Hexagon
7	Heptagon
8	Octagon
9	Nonagon
10	Decagon
12	Dodecagon

Find the measure of the central angle for each regular polygon.

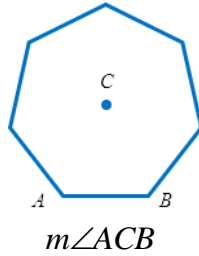
Pentagon



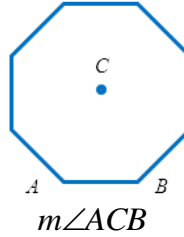
Hexagon



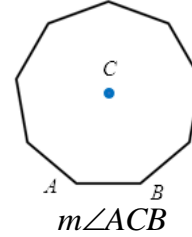
Heptagon



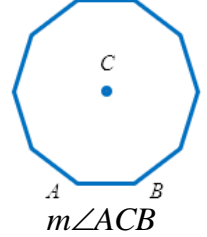
Octagon



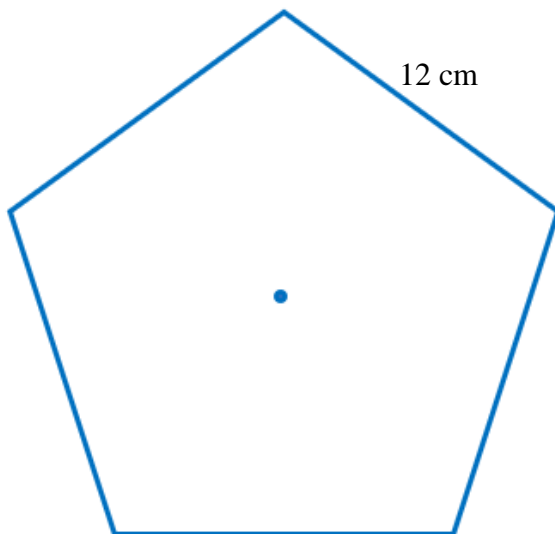
Nonagon



Decagon



1) Find the area of the regular pentagon with side length 12 cm.



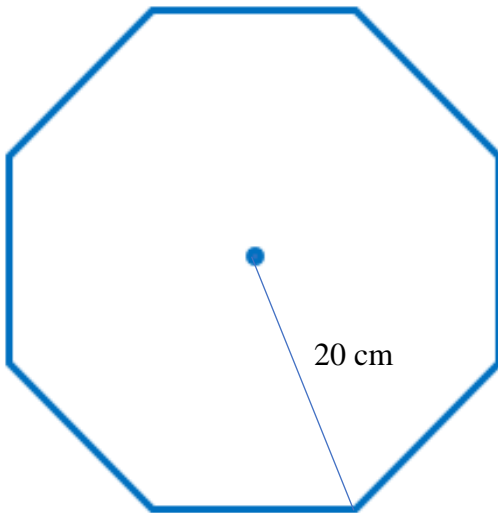
Side Length: 12 cm

Apothem = _____

Perim = _____

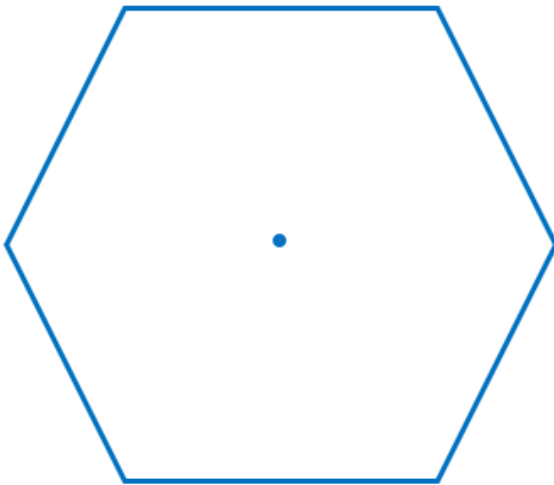
Area = _____

2) Find the area of the regular octagon with a radius of 20 cm.



Side Length: _____
 Apothem = _____
 Perim = _____
 Area = _____

3) Find the area of a regular hexagon with a side length of 18 cm. Note: You can get an exact form of the answer using special right triangles or a decimal approximation using trigonometry. Either option is acceptable. (or try both! ☺)



Side Length: 18 cm
 Apothem = _____
 Perim = _____
 Area = _____

HW #7: Do work on separate paper.

1) Find the area a regular nonagon with a side length of 16 cm.	2) Find the area of a regular pentagon with an apothem of 20 cm.	3) Find the area of a regular hexagon with a side length of 14 cm.
4) A square with a side length of 10 cm has an area of 100 cm ² . Show that you can use the $A = \frac{1}{2}(\text{apothem})(\text{perimeter})$ formula to get the same area. Draw the figure.		5) Find the area of an equilateral triangle with an apothem of 5 cm. Draw the figure.

Answers: Classwork: 15.30, 15.59 or $9\sqrt{3}$, 18.48, 108, 122.40, 841.86 or $486\sqrt{3}$, 1131.00

HW:., 144, $7\sqrt{3}$ or 12.12, 14.53, 1582.56, 84, 1453.00, $294\sqrt{3}$ or 509.22, $75\sqrt{3}$ or 129.90, 21.98, 145.30